



Energy Efficiency in Current Television Display Technologies

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MSE 395



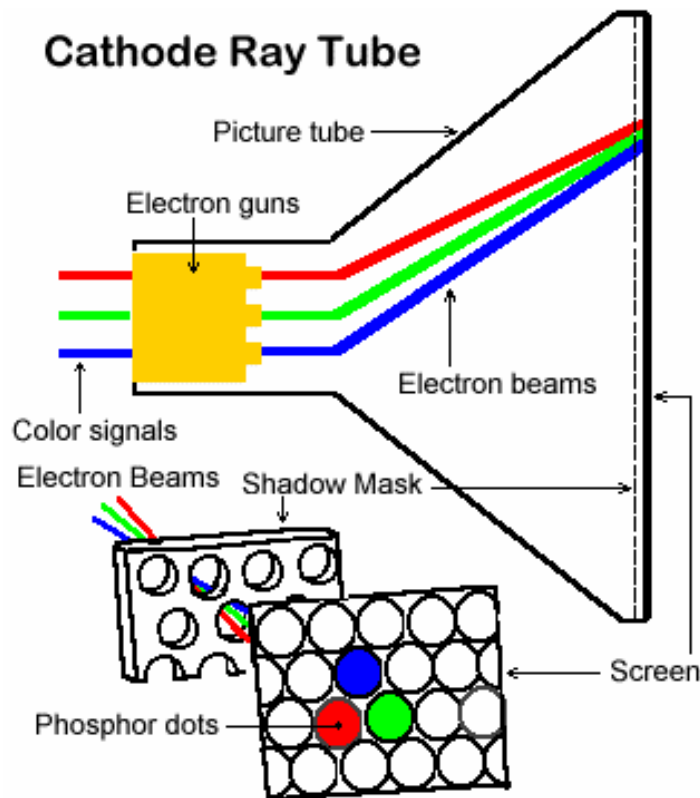
Current Energy Usage

- According to CEA, 36 million TVs in 2009
- >50 billion kWh annually
- 4% of all household electricity use
- Equivalent to power needed for all homes in New York

2008 California Data

| Television Type | Existing Stock (Million Units) |
|--------------------|--------------------------------|
| CRT | 22.3 |
| DLP and Projection | 0.7 |
| LCD | 10.6 |
| Plasma | 1.8 |
| Total | 35.4 |

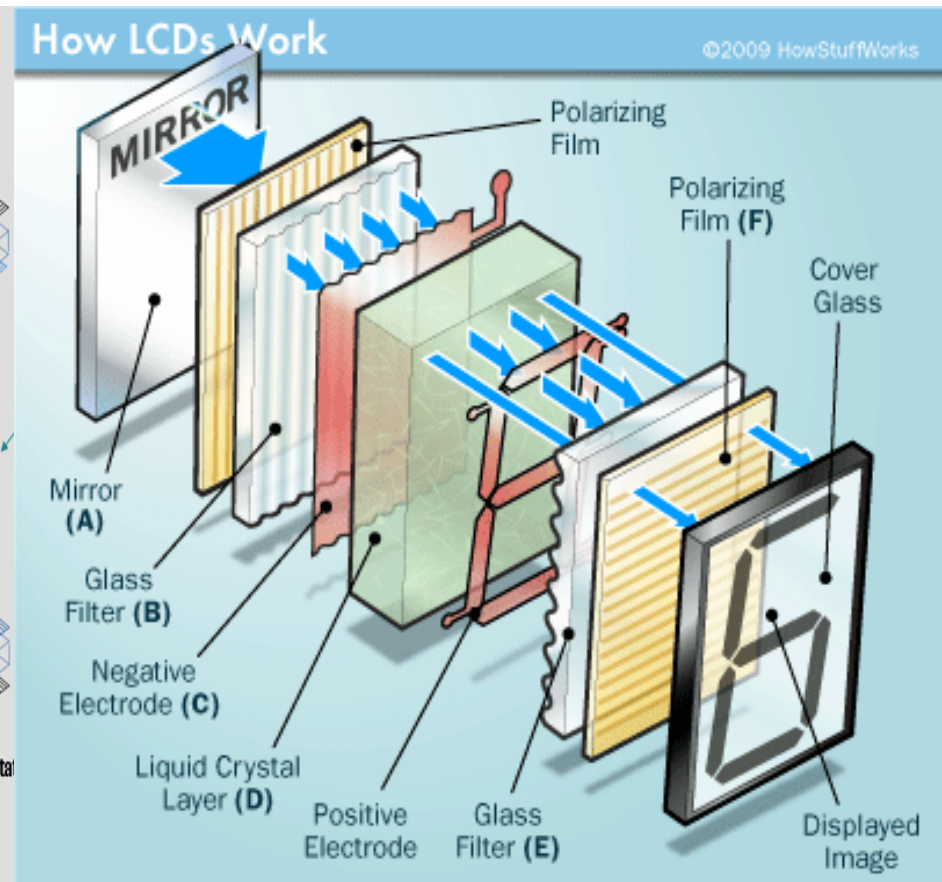
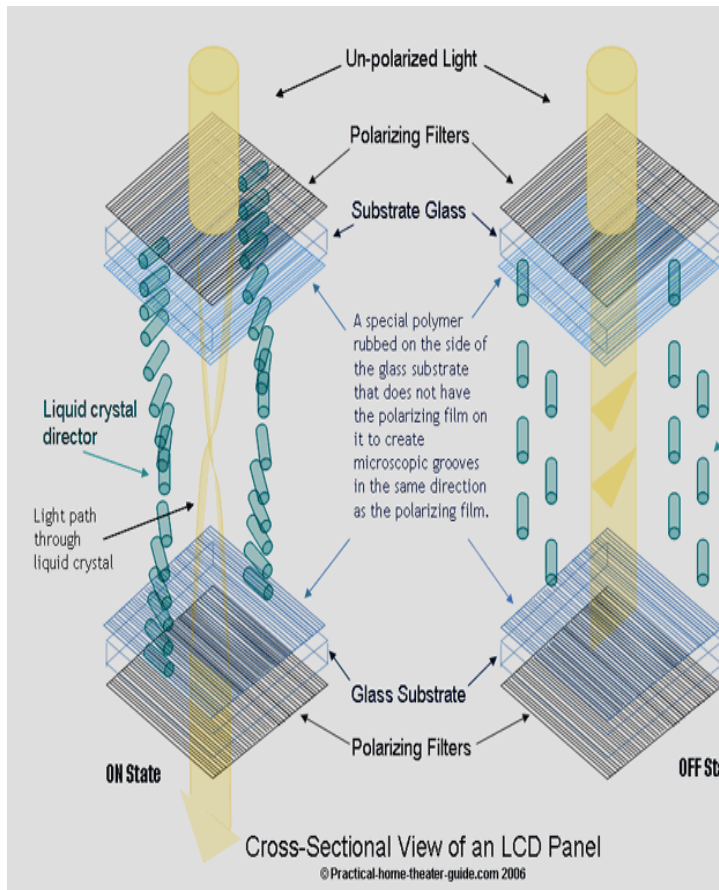
Cathode Ray Tube (CRT)



- Electron Beams turned on/off depending on color use
- Leaded glass tubes to insulate electron beams

<http://www.jegsworks.com/Lessons/lesson5/lesson5-4.htm>

Liquid Crystal Display (LCD)

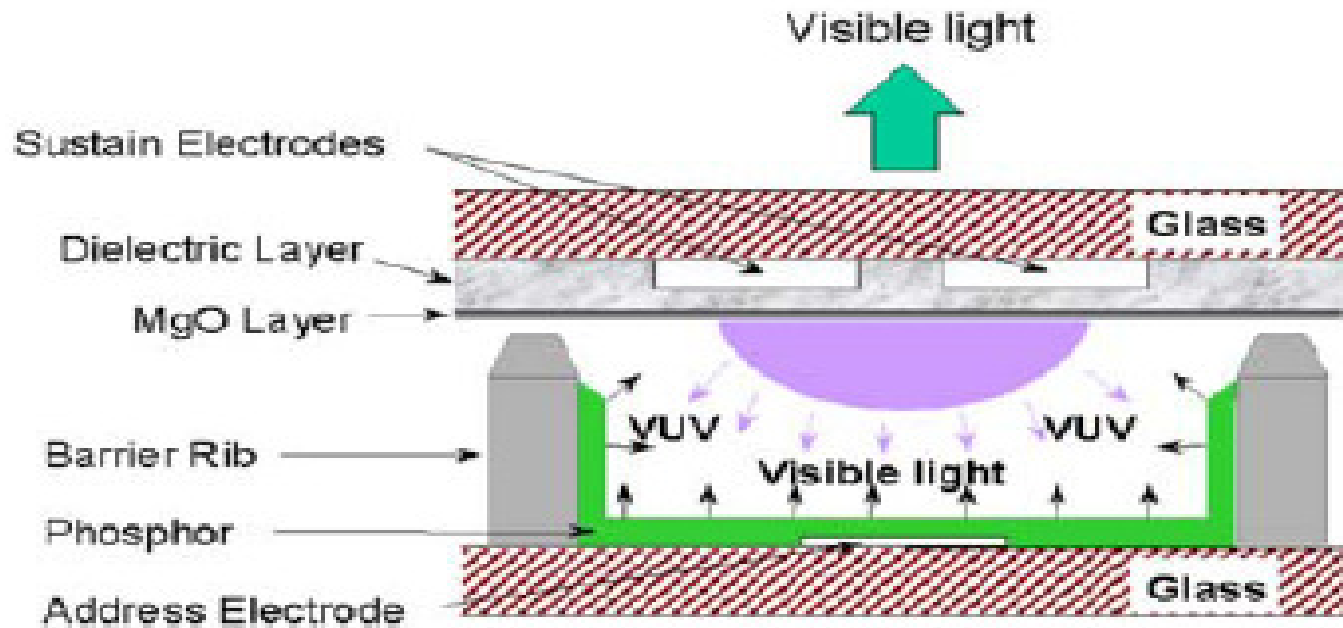




LCD Details

- Pixel - Three Subunits with red/green/blue filters in order to produce spectrum
- Thin Film Transistor sustains voltage across pixel, until new signal arrives
- Liquid Crystal Properties
 - Dielectric Anisotropy
 - Temperature Range requires 10-20 compounds

Plasma Display Panel (PDP)



- Three subpixels with red/blue/green phosphors



PDP Details

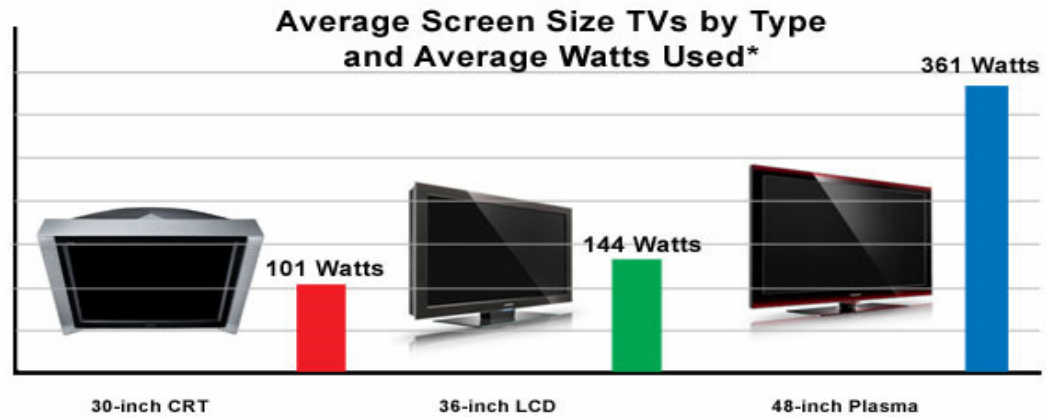
- 2 lumens/W vs 5 lumens/W
- Efficiencies
 - Vacuum Ultraviolet Radiation ~ 10%
 - Phosphors ~ 20-40%
- Electrodes
 - Sustain electrode – Indium Tin Oxide
 - Address electrode – Establishes voltage difference
- Control voltage difference, control intensity



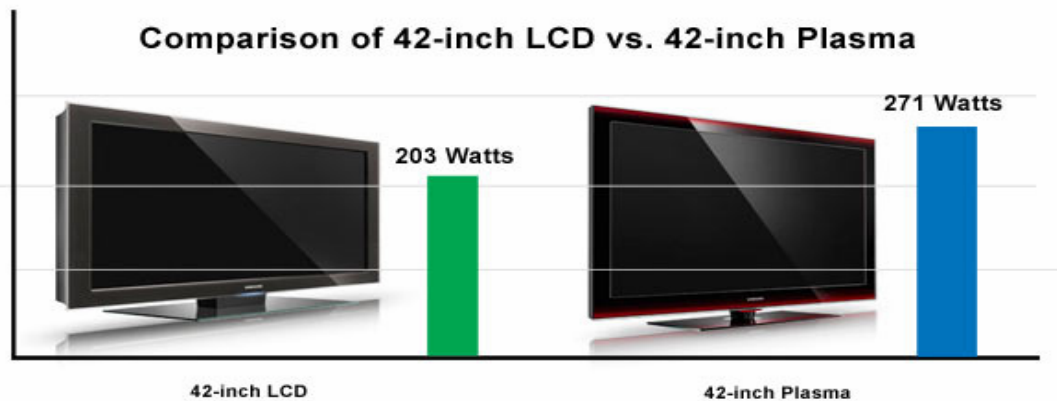
How to Increase Efficiency

- Increase Panel Transmittance
- Improve luminous efficiency
- More efficient lamps/backlight structure – Sony
- Intelligent ambient light sensing – Sharp
- New Sony Bravia model – “Most Energy Efficient Television” – 32in, 89W

Comparing Technologies

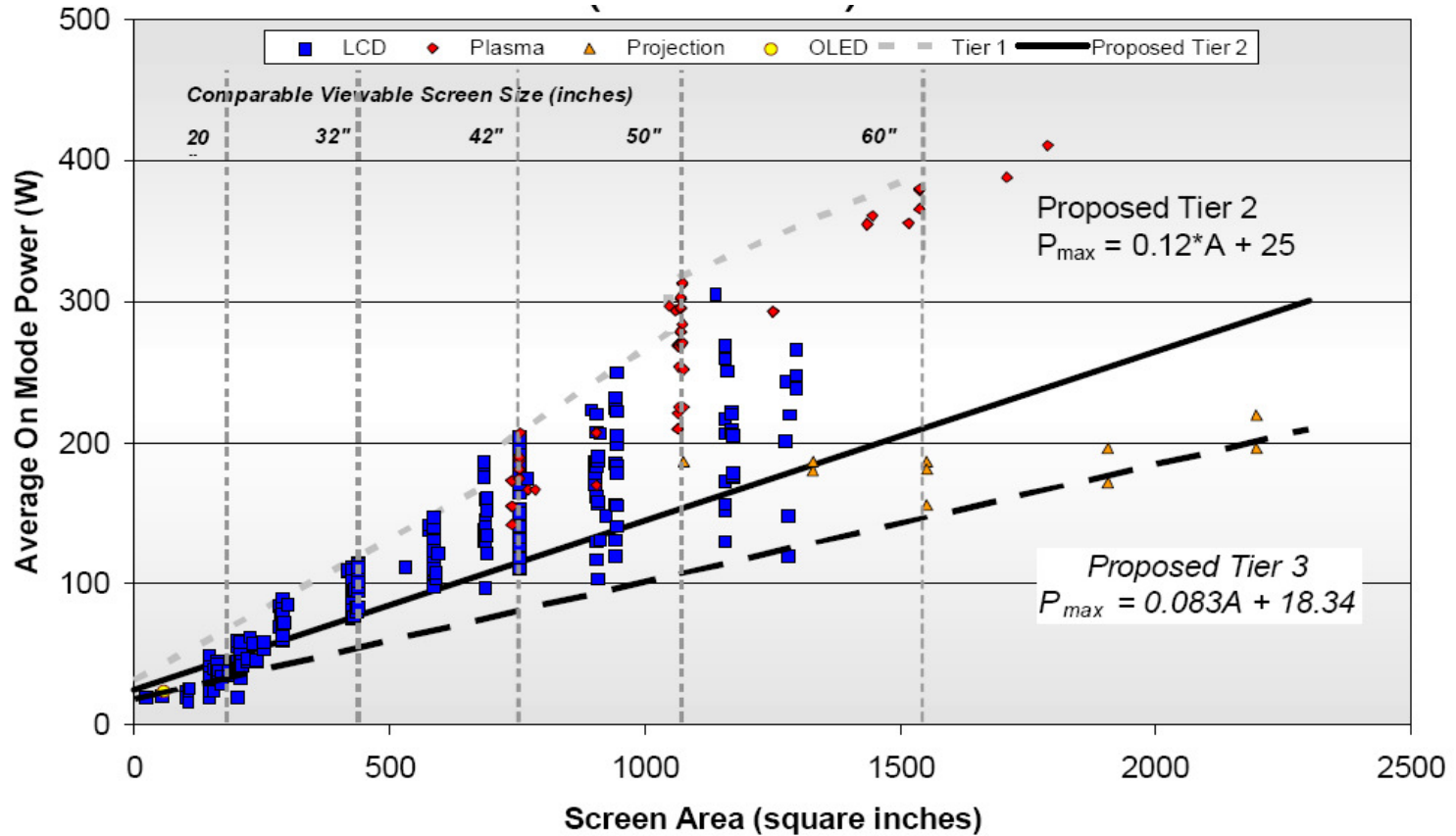


* Based on watts per square inch for average size TVs by type (CRT 0.23 watts/in²; LCD 0.27 watts/in²; Plasma 0.36 watts/in²)



Source: California Energy Commission staff

EPA Energy Star Requirements



○ Tier 2 – 2010

○ Tier 3 – 2012



Conclusions

- New LCD models have just become more efficient than CRT
- Cheaper Production Costs/Less Defects → Bigger TVs for same price
- OLEDs and other emerging technologies may prove to be more efficient

Questions?





Bibliography

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